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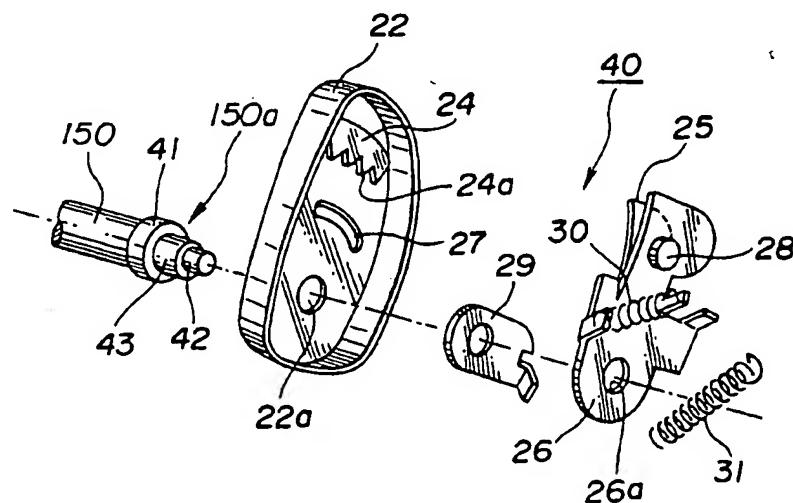
INT CL⁶ A47C 7/36 7/38, A61G 15/00, B60N 2/48

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(54) Movable headrest

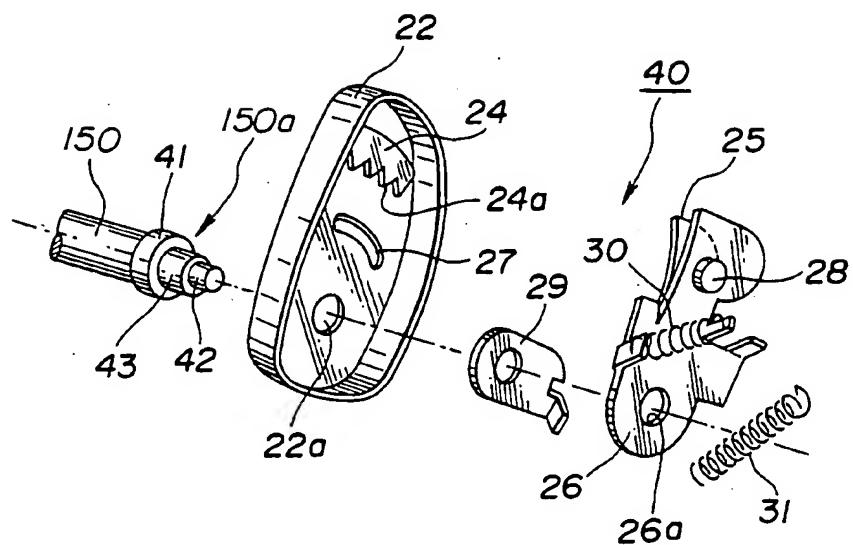
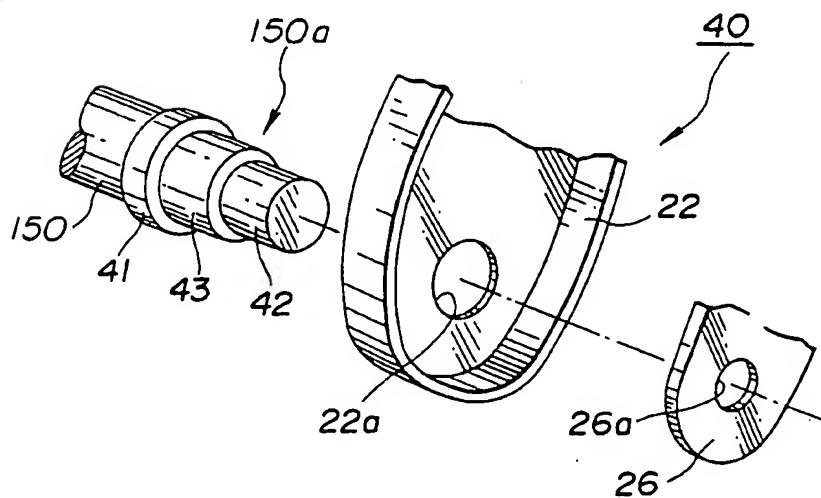
(57) The headrest is equipped with a lower headrest frame shaft 150 fixedly connected to a headrest stay (fig 5B; 13) detachably connected to the seat back. A pair of bases 22 are rotatably supported on respective shaft ends 150a and are coupled with each other at their upper ends by a movable upper headrest frame member (fig 5B; 16). A ratchet-and-pawl mechanism 40 is attached to at least one of the bases 22 for selectively engaging the upper frame member 16 with the lower frame shaft 150 and for allowing forward-and-backward angular adjustment of the headrest. The shaft end 150a has an annular stepped portion 41 which extends continuously in a peripheral direction of the shaft 150 and which abuts the inside wall surface of the ratchet base 22. A pawl bracket 26 is fixed to the reduced diameter shaft end 150a by all-around welding, while sandwiching the ratchet base 22 between the stepped portion 41 and the pawl bracket 26.

FIG.1

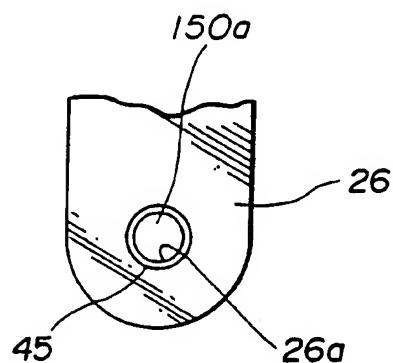
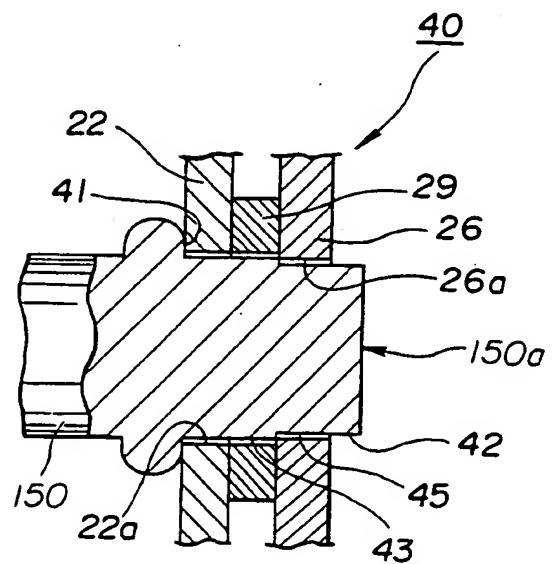


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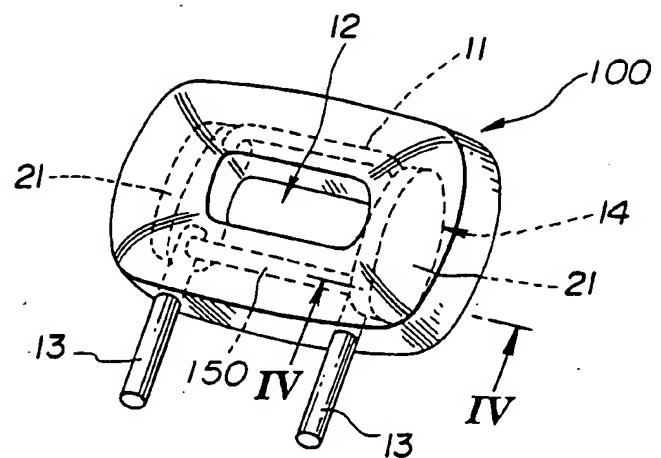
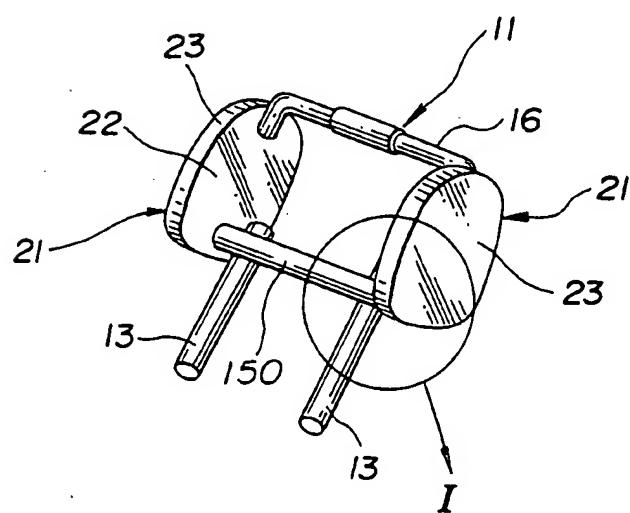
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FIG.1**FIG.2**

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FIG.3**FIG.4**

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FIG.5A**FIG.5B**

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FIG.6
(PRIOR ART)

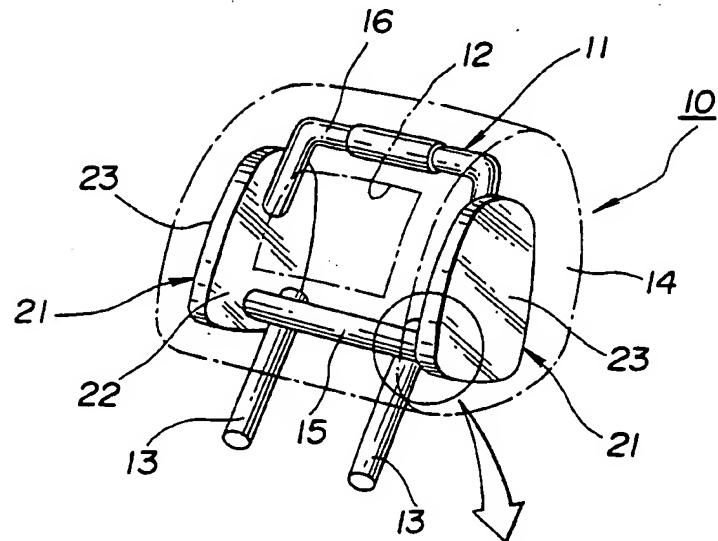
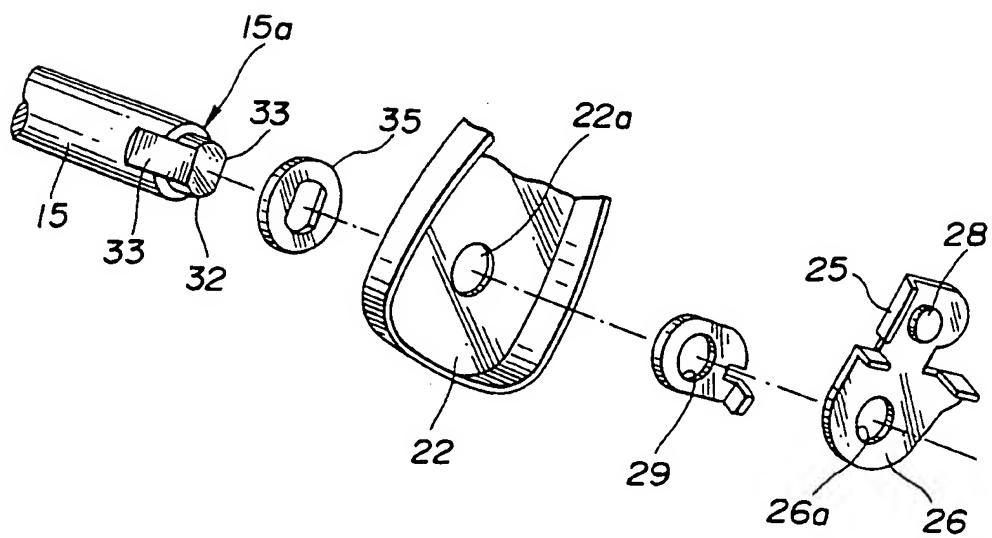
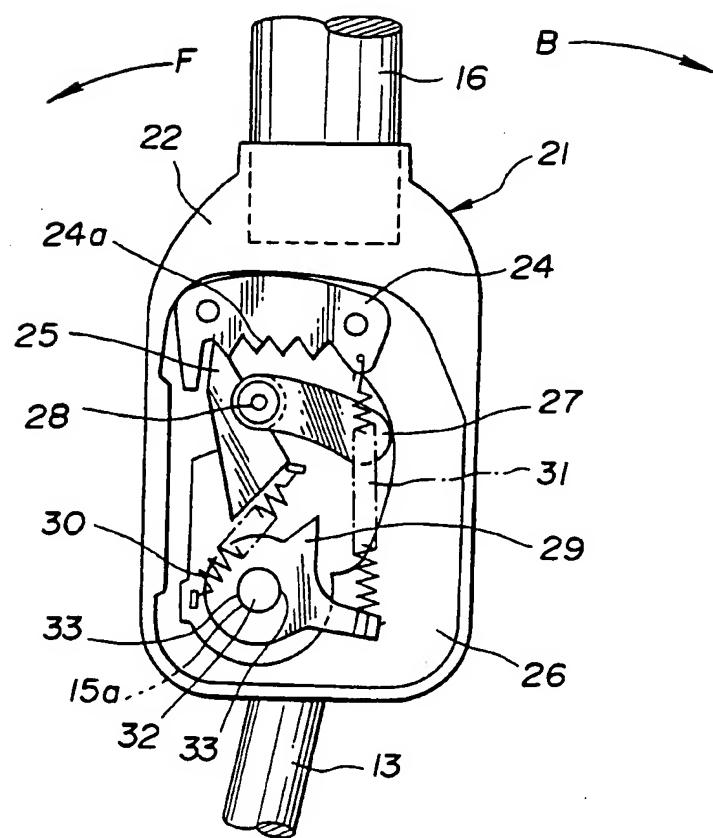


FIG.7
(PRIOR ART)



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FIG.8
(PRIOR ART)



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FIG.9
(PRIOR ART)

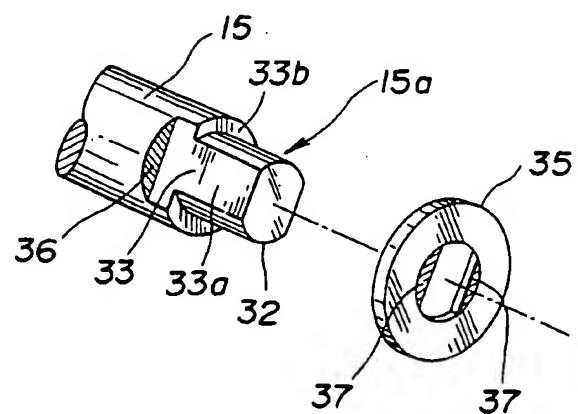
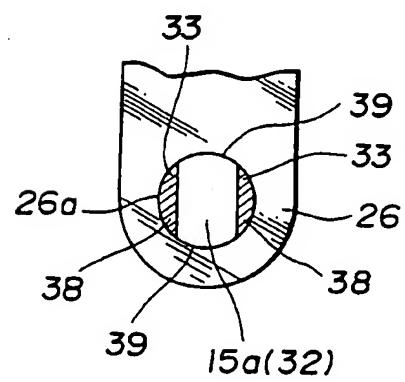


FIG.10
(PRIOR ART)



- 1 -

2298134**MOVABLE HEADREST**

5 The present invention relates to a movable headrest suitable for use in automotive vehicles, and specifically to a movable headrest incorporating therein a ratchet mechanism through which the headrest is adjustable back and forth.

10 As is generally known, a headrest has often a manual forward-and-back adjustment, so as to be above to tilt the upper portion of the headrest back and forth. In order to change the angle of tilt of the headrest, the movable or tiltable headrest traditionally accommodates therein a ratchet mechanism. One 15 such movable headrest employing a ratchet mechanism has been disclosed in Japanese Utility Model Second Publication (Jikko Heisei) No. 3-39078. Figs. 6 - 10 show a structure almost similar to a movable headrest as disclosed in the Japanese Utility Model Second Publication No. 3-39078. The structure of the 20 conventional headrest is hereinbelow explained briefly.

Referring to Figs. 6 to 10 and specifically to Figs. 6 to 8, a substantially doughnut shaped conventional movable headrest 10 having a central opening 12 includes a pair of headrest stays 13 engageable with the upper portion of the seat back, a lower headrest frame shaft 15 constructing a part of a headrest frame 11 and fixed to the headrest stays 13, and an upper movable or tiltable headrest frame 16 mechanically linked to the lower frame shaft 15 through a ratchet-and-pawl mechanism accommodated in a base member 22 serving as a ratchet base. The doughnut shaped conventional movable headrest 10 is often called a see-through type movable headrest since this type of headrest can ensure a better rear view of the vehicle by virtue of its central opening. The headrest 10 also includes a pad 14 usually made of foamable or expandable synthetic resin, preferably made of 30 foamed urethane. As illustrated by the phantom line of Fig. 6, the 35

pad 14 is generally formed integral with the headrest frame 11 by way of injection of foam liquid into the interior of the outer skin constructing the contour of the headrest. The ratchet base 22 is rotatably supported by the lower frame shaft 15 and fixedly connected to the upper tiltable frame 16. The ratchet-and-pawl mechanism includes a toothed ratchet 24 having teeth 24a and a pawl 25 mounted on a pawl bracket 26. By means of the above-noted ratchet-and-pawl mechanism, the ratchet base 22, which is fixedly connected to the upper frame 16, is engageable with or disengageable from the lower frame shaft 15. As seen in Fig. 6, the headrest frame 11 is comprised of the lower frame shaft 15 fixed to the stays 13, the substantially reversed-U shaped upper moveable frame 16, and left and right ratchet bases 22 each constructing a ratchet-and-pawl casing 21. As appreciated from Fig. 6, each ratchet-and-pawl casing 21 is comprised of the ratchet base 22 and a ratchet cover 23 which cover is provided to hermetically cover the opening end of the ratchet base 22. As best seen in Fig. 8, the upper moveable frame 16 is traditionally fixed onto the upper inside wall surface of the respective ratchet base 22. As shown in Fig. 7, the base 22 is formed with a circular through-opening 22a through which the end 15a of the lower frame shaft 15 is rotatably fitted into the ratchet-and-pawl casing 21. As illustrated in Fig. 8, the toothed ratchet 24 is fixedly connected to the base 22, whereas the pawl bracket 26 is fixedly connected to the end 15a of the lower frame shaft 15. The pawl 25 is pivotally mounted on the pawl bracket 26 by way of its pivot shaft 28. The pivot shaft 28 is actually guided by an essentially circular arc-shaped guide groove 27 integrally formed on the inside wall of the ratchet cover 23. As seen in Fig. 7, a cam plate 29 is rotatably provided on the end 15a of the lower frame shaft 15 and disposed between the base 22 and the pawl bracket 26 to be engageable with the pawl 25. In a conventional manner, the pawl 25 is usually biased to engage with the tooth 24a of the ratchet 24 by means of a spring 30 hanged between the pawl 25 and the pawl bracket 26. When the headrest 10 has been rotated

in its foremost position, as illustrated by the arrow F of Fig. 8, the lower end of the spring 30 moves across the central axis (serving as a fulcrum or a support shaft of the cam plate 29) of the end 15a of the lower frame shaft 15 and thus the bias of the spring 30 acts to disengage the pawl 25 from the tooth of the ratchet 24. Under these conditions, if the headrest 10 is returned to the backmost position as illustrated by the arrow B of Fig. 8, the pawl 25 is brought into engagement with the cam plate 29 and as a result the pawl 25 is also brought into engagement with the tooth 24a of the ratchet 24. With the forward motion of the headrest 10, intermittent tilt motion of the headrest is produced by way of a to-and-fro motion of the pawl against the toothed ratchet 24. Assuming that the vehicle occupant will try to move the headrest 10 backward again when the headrest 10 reaches a desired tilt position while driving the pawl 25 in a to-and-fro motion, the headrest can be held at the desired tilt position by way of the locking action of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism. In Fig. 8, reference sign 31 denotes a return spring hanged between the right-hand side of the toothed ratchet 24 fixed onto the base 22 and the tab-like portion of the cam plate 29 for constantly biasing the upper moveable frame 16 in the backward direction. As explained above, the conventional movable headrest 10 is so designed that its locking state is released by rotating the headrest in the foremost position F, and that a desired tilt position is adjustable by moving the headrest from the backmost position B to the desired position, and that the headrest is held at the desired position irrespective of any backward motion of the headrest by the locking action of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism.

Referring now to Figs. 7, 9, and 10, and specifically to Fig. 9, the end 15a of the lower frame shaft 15 is formed into a small-diameter portion 32 so as to define a stepped portion. The stepped portion is formed with a pair of opposing cut-outs 33 having a substantially D-shape in cross-section, as appreciated from a cross-sectional area 36 illustrated by hatching. As seen in Fig. 10, the pawl bracket 26 is fixed onto the top end of the small-diameter portion 32 of the lower frame shaft 15 by welding. As seen in Fig. 9, the cut-out of the stepped portion provides a pair of opposing substantially T-shaped flat surfaces 33a. The ratchet base 22 and the cam plate 29 are rotatably assembled on the end 15a of the lower frame shaft 15 in such a manner as to be rotatably supported on the outer peripheral surface of the small-diameter portion 32 except the T-shaped flat surface 33a. A washer 35 is interleaved between the radially-extending shoulder 33b of the stepped portion and the base 22, so as to prevent the inner axial movement of the base 22 by way of abutment of the side wall surface of the washer 35 and the radially-extending shoulder 33b of the stepped portion. To prevent the rotational movement of the washer 35 relative to the shaft end 15a (the small-diameter portion 32 having a substantially barrel shape in cross-section), the washer 35 is formed with a pair of opposing substantially D-shaped portions 37 each fitted onto the substantially T-shaped flat surface 33a. After the shaft end 15a is inserted into the barrel-shaped central opening of the washer 35, the through-opening 22a of the base 22, the circular opening of the cam plate 29 and the circular bore 26a of the pawl bracket 26 in that order, the small-diameter portion 32 of the shaft end 15a is fixedly connected to the pawl bracket 26 by welding, as shown in Fig. 10. With the shaft end 15a inserted into the circular bore 26a of the pawl bracket 26, a pair of opposing substantially D-shaped apertures 38 are defined between the inner peripheral surface of the circular bore 26a and the above-noted T-shaped flat surface 33b, owing to the presence of the cut-outs 33. Reference sign 39 denotes a welded metal

zone. In such a conventional connecting structure of the pawl bracket 26 onto the shaft end 15a of the lower headrest frame shaft 15, weld spatter which will necessarily take place when welding the pawl bracket 26 onto the shaft end 15a, often enters 5 into the interior of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism. Due to weld spatter, there is a possibility of prevention of smooth operation of the ratchet. In addition, when the pad 14 of the headrest 10 is formed by foaming expandable synthetic resin, preferably foamed urethane, there is a possibility that foam 10 liquid enters into the interior of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism through the aperture defined between the shaft end 15a and the barrel-shaped opening of the washer 35 and through the aperture defined between the shaft end 15a and the through-opening 22a of the base 22. As appreciated, there is a possibility 15 that urethane foam, which is unintendedly formed in the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism, may prevent smooth operation of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism. Furthermore, since the ratchet base 22 and the cam plate 29 are rotatably supported on a partial outer peripheral surface of the shaft end 15a owing to the 20 cut-outs 33, such a conventional headrest may be insufficient with respect to a reliability, a mechanical strength, and a durability. Also, the conventional movable headrest requires an additional part such as the washer 35, and thus a number of parts for the headrest tends to be increased. Moreover, 25 machining required for the D-shaped cut-outs 33 is troublesome, thus increasing production costs of the headrest assembly.

Accordingly, it would be desirable to be able to provide an improved movable headrest which avoids the foregoing 30 disadvantages of the prior art.

It would also be desirable to be able to provide an improved movable headrest in which a ratchet base is rotatably supported on a shaft end of a lower headrest frame shaft with minimum parts, so that a pawl bracket incorporated in a ratchet-and-pawl mechanism is certainly fixed onto the shaft end of the 35

lower frame shaft under a condition wherein the ratchet base and a cam plate are sandwiched between the shaft end and the pawl bracket.

It would also be desirable to be able to provide an improved 5 movable headrest of an advantageous assembling structure of a headrest frame to a ratchet-and-pawl mechanism which can prevent weld spatter resulting from welding a pawl bracket to the shaft end of a lower headrest frame shaft from entering into the interior of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism and prevent 10 foam liquid of expandable synthetic resin forming a pad of the headrest from entering into the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism, in order to enhance a reliability of operation of the ratchet.

The invention provides a movable headrest comprising a 15 movable upper headrest frame, a lower headrest frame shaft fixedly connected to a headrest stay, a pair of base members rotatably supported on respective shaft ends of the lower headrest frame shaft nearby their lower ends and fixedly connected to the movable upper headrest frame at their upper 20 ends, a ratchet-and-pawl mechanism attached to at least one of the base members for selectively engaging the upper headrest frame with the lower headrest frame shaft and for producing a forward-and-backward angular adjustment of the moveable headrest, a cover mounted on an outside of each of the base 25 members, for hermetically covering the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism disposed in the at least one base member, the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism including a toothed ratchet attached to the at least one base member and a pawl bracket having a pawl engageable with the toothed ratchet and fixedly 30 connected to the shaft end associated with the at least one base member, each base member having a circular through-opening at its inside wall, each shaft end of the lower headrest frame shaft having an essentially annular stepped portion nearby its end surface, so that a first annular side wall of the annular stepped 35 portion abuts a perimeter of the circular through-opening, and

the pawl bracket fixedly connected to the shaft end associated with the at least one base member, while sandwiching the at least one base member between the annular stepped portion and the pawl bracket. The above-noted at least one base member is 5 rotatably supported on the shaft end of the lower headrest frame shaft under such a condition that the first annular side wall of the annular stepped portion abuts the perimeter of the circular through-opening, the pawl bracket has a circular bore, the shaft end has a small-diameter portion at a top thereof, and the pawl 10 bracket is fixedly connected to the top by all-around welding under a condition in which the small-diameter portion is fitted into the circular bore while sandwiching the at least one base member between the annular stepped portion and the pawl bracket. The shaft end is formed with a medium-diameter 15 portion between the annular stepped portion and the small-diameter portion, the medium diameter portion has a diameter essentially identical to a diameter of an intermediate shaft portion of the lower headrest frame shaft, and the at least one base member is sandwiched between the annular stepped portion and the pawl bracket so that the first annular side wall of 20 the annular stepped portion is in sliding-contact with the perimeter of the circular through-opening and an outer peripheral surface of the medium-diameter portion is in sliding-contact with an inner peripheral surface of the circular through-opening. The medium-diameter portion and the small-diameter 25 portion are cooperative with each other to define a second annular side wall therebetween, and the pawl bracket is fixedly connected to the top end of the lower headrest frame shaft by all-around welding under a condition in which the second 30 annular side wall abuts a perimeter of the circular bore of the pawl bracket and an outer periphery of the small-diameter portion is fitted into an inner periphery of the circular bore of the pawl bracket. It is preferable that the annular stepped portion is formed integral with the lower headrest frame shaft by 35 pressing such as cold forging or warm forging.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a schematic exploded perspective view showing one embodiment of a movable headrest according to the present invention.

5 Fig. 2 is a perspective view illustrating an essential portion of the movable headrest shown in Fig. 1.

Fig. 3 is a side view showing a condition of weld connection between the lower frame shaft and the pawl bracket.

10 Fig. 4 is a cross-sectional view illustrating an assembly state of the ratchet base and the pawl bracket on the shaft end of the lower frame shaft.

Fig. 5A is a schematic perspective view illustrating a movable headrest assembly made according to the present invention.

15 Fig. 5B is a schematic perspective view illustrating a headrest frame structure of the movable headrest of the invention.

Fig. 6 is a schematic perspective view illustrating a prior art movable headrest.

20 Fig. 7 is an exploded perspective view illustrating a part of a ratchet-and-pawl mechanism incorporated in the prior art movable headrest.

Fig. 8 is a side view illustrating an assembled ratchet-and-pawl mechanism of the prior art movable headrest.

25 Fig. 9 is a schematic exploded perspective view illustrating the connection relationship between the shaft end of the lower headrest frame shaft and the washer.

30 Fig. 10 is an explanatory view of the welded state of the pawl bracket onto the shaft end of the lower headrest frame shaft.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring now to Figs. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5A and 5B, there is shown one embodiment of the movable headrest of the present invention. The movable headrest 100 of the embodiment is 35 similar to the prior art movable headrest 10 as previously

discussed, except that the structure of the shaft end 150a of the lower headrest frame shaft 150 of the headrest 100 of the present invention is different from that of the prior art headrest 10, and except that the assembling structure between the shaft end 150a of the lower headrest frame shaft 150, the base member (the ratchet base 22), the cam plate 29 and the pawl bracket 26 is different in comparison with that of the prior art headrest 10. Therefore, the same reference numerals used in the prior art headrest of Figs. 6 - 10 will be applied to the corresponding elements used in the embodiment of Figs. 1 to 4, 5A and 5B, for the purpose of comparison between the prior art headrest and the improved headrest of the embodiment. As seen in Figs. 5A and 5B, the headrest frame 11 of the headrest 100 of the embodiment is comprised of a horizontally-extending lower headrest frame shaft 150 fixedly connected to a pair of headrest stays 13 which stays are detachably engaged with the upper portion of the seat back, a substantially reversed U-shaped upper movable or tiltable headrest frame 16 mechanically linked to both ends 150a of the lower frame shaft 150 through a ratchet-and-pawl mechanism 40, and a pair of ratchet bases 22 each rotatably supported by the lower frame shaft 150 and fixedly connected to the upper tiltable frame 16. The ratchet-and-pawl mechanism 40 is actually accommodated in the respective ratchet-and-pawl casing 21 consisting of the ratchet base 22 and the ratchet cover 23. The ratchet cover is attached to the opening end of the ratchet base 22 to hermetically cover the opening end. As shown in Fig. 1, the ratchet base 22 is formed with a substantially arc-shaped guide groove 27 which is provided to guide the pivot shaft 28 which shaft is tightly fitted to the pawl bracket 26 by caulking for the purpose of pivotally mounting the pawl 25 on the pawl bracket 26. In the shown embodiment, the guide groove 27 is formed by pressing such as embossing. As previously explained in the prior art disclosure, the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism 40 is provided to selectively engage the ratchet base 22 with the lower frame shaft 150 or

disengage the base 22 from the lower frame shaft 150. As best seen in Fig. 1, the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism 40 is comprised of a toothed ratchet 24 fixedly connected to the base 22 and having teeth 24a, and a pawl bracket 26 having a pawl 25 engageable with the tooth 24a of the ratchet 24 and fixedly connected to the shaft end 150a of the lower frame shaft 150. As shown in Figs. 1, 2, and 4, note that the respective shaft end 150a of the lower frame shaft 150 of the improved headrest 100 of the embodiment is formed in the manner of three steps, namely an essentially annular large-diameter stepped portion 41, a medium-diameter portion 43, and a small-diameter portion 42. The medium-diameter portion has an essentially same diameter as the diameter of the intermediate shaft portion except both ends 150a of the lower frame shaft 150. The diameter of the annular large-diameter stepped portion 41 is so designed to be larger than that of the intermediate shaft portion, while the diameter of the small-diameter portion 42 is so designed to be smaller than that of the intermediate shaft portion. When assembling both the ratchet base 22 and the cam plate 29 onto the lower frame shaft 150, the essentially annular side wall of the comparatively large-diameter stepped portion 41 abuts the inside wall or the left-hand side wall (viewing Fig. 1) of the ratchet base 22, and the inner peripheral surface of the circular through-opening 22a of the ratchet base 22 is rotatably supported on the cylindrical outer peripheral surface of the medium-diameter portion 43. Also, the cam plate 29 is rotatably assembled onto the outer periphery of the medium-diameter portion 43 under a condition wherein the left-hand side wall of the cam plate 29 abuts the right-hand side wall of the ratchet base 22. Thereafter, the pawl bracket 26 is fitted to the small-diameter portion 42 until the left-hand side wall of the pawl bracket 26 abuts an essentially annular side wall defined between the medium-diameter portion 43 and the small-diameter portion 42, while sandwiching both the ratchet base 22 and the cam plate 29 by the large-diameter stepped portion 41.

and the pawl bracket 26. Under these conditions, as seen in Figs. 3 and 4, the pawl bracket 26 is fixed onto the small-diameter portion 42 by all-around welding from the right-hand side (viewing Fig. 4), since the shaft end 150a of the improved headrest 100 does not require any cut-outs, as compared with the prior art movable headrest. In Figs. 3 and 4, reference sign 45 indicates the all-around welded metal zone. As appreciated from the cross-section shown in Fig. 4, by virtue of the essentially annular side wall defined between the medium-diameter portion 43 and the small-diameter portion 42 and also by virtue of the large-diameter stepped portion 41, the assembling structure among the shaft end 150a, the ratchet base 22, the cam plate 29 and the pawl bracket 26 can effectively prevent weld spatter from entering into the interior of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism 40. The all-around welding insures a high mechanical strength with respect to the connection between the shaft end 150a and the pawl bracket 26. In the shown embodiment, the large-diameter stepped portion 41 is formed at the shaft end 150a of the lower frame shaft 150 by pressing such as cold forging or warm forging by means of an automatic pressing machine often called a header. After pressing for formation of the large-diameter stepped portion 41, the small-diameter portion 42 is formed by machining such as turning. Alternatively, the above-noted multi-stepped portion consisting of the large-diameter stepped portion 41, the medium-diameter portion 43 and the small-diameter portion 42 may be integrally formed by combined extrusion or forward extrusion by means of a so-called header.

With the above-noted arrangement, the ratchet base 22 can be directly abutted with the annular side wall of the large-diameter stepped portion 41 without any washer. Thus, the number of components of the movable headrest 100 is reduced at the minimum, thereby enhancing an assembling efficiency of the headrest, and also reducing production costs of the headrest. Additionally, since the shaft end 150a of the lower fame shaft

150 has not any unnecessary cut-outs and the ratchet base 22 and the cam plate 29 are rotatably supported on the cylindrical outer peripheral surface of the medium-diameter portion 43, which outer peripheral surface extends continuously in the 5 peripheral direction of the lower frame shaft 150, the headrest of the embodiment can enhance the reliability of operation of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism 40 and the performance of the mechanism 40 itself. Furthermore, the circular through-opening 22a of the ratchet base 22 and its perimeter, both serving as a 10 sliding-contact surface, are fully and satisfactorily supported by the cylindrical outer surface of the medium-diameter portion 43 and the essentially annular side wall of the large-diameter stepped portion 41, thus enhancing the total mechanical strength and the durability of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism 40. Also, 15 since the slight annular clearance defined between the inner periphery of the circular through-opening 22a of the ratchet base 22 and the outer periphery of the medium-diameter portion 43 is hermetically covered by the annular side wall of the stepped portion 41 throughout the circumference of the through-opening 22a, the connection relationship between the shaft end 150a and 20 the ratchet base 22 can effectively prevent foam liquid from entering into the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism during foaming expandable synthetic resin, preferably foamed urethane. This ensures a high reliability of operation of the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism 40 and a high performance of the mechanism 40.

25 Although the movable headrest made according to the invention is exemplified in case of a doughnut shaped movable headrest, often called see-through type movable headrest having a central opening, it will be appreciated that the 30 previously-explained connection structure of the lower headrest frame shaft and the ratchet base may be applied to any type of movable headrests.

35 In the shown embodiment, although a pair of ratchet-and-pawl mechanisms 40 are provided in the right and left ratchet-and-pawl casings 21, respectively, the ratchet-and-pawl

mechanism 40 may be provided in at least one of the ratchet-and-pawl casings 21. In order to more certainly hold the headrest body at its desired angular position, it is preferable that a pair of ratchet-and-pawl mechanisms 40 are provided in the
5 respective ratchet-and-pawl casings 21

While the foregoing is a description of the preferred embodiments carried out the invention, it will be understood that the invention is not limited to the particular embodiments shown and described herein, but that various changes and modifications
10 may be made without departing from the invention as defined by the following claims.

CLAIMS:

1. A headrest comprising:
 - a movable upper headrest frame member;
 - a lower headrest frame shaft fixedly connected to a headrest stay; and
 - a pair of base members rotatably supported on respective shaft ends of the said frame shaft ~~and~~ and connected to the said frame member;
 - at least one of the base members being provided with a ratchet-and-pawl mechanism attached to the base member for selectively engaging the said frame member with the said lower headrest frame shaft and for allowing forward-and-backward angular adjustment of the headrest, and a cover mounted on the outside of the base member hermetically covering the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism;
 - the ratchet-and-pawl mechanism including a toothed ratchet attached to the associated base member, and a pawl bracket having a pawl engageable with the toothed ratchet and being fixedly connected to the associated shaft end;
 - each base member having a circular through-opening at its inside wall;
 - each shaft end having a substantially annular step that abuts the perimeter of the corresponding through-opening; and
 - the pawl bracket being fixedly connected to the shaft end associated with the corresponding base member, while sandwiching the said base member between the said step and the pawl bracket.
2. A headrest as claimed in claim 1, wherein the said base member is rotatably supported on the said shaft end such that the said step abuts the perimeter of the said through-opening, the pawl bracket has a circular bore, the said shaft end has a smaller-diameter portion at its extremity, and the pawl bracket is fixedly connected to the said extremity by all-round welding, the said smaller-diameter portion being fitted into the said circular bore, while sandwiching the said base member between the said step and the pawl bracket.

3. A headrest as claimed in claim 2, wherein the said shaft end is formed with a medium-diameter portion between the said step and the said smaller-diameter portion, the said medium-diameter portion has a diameter substantially identical to the diameter of an intermediate shaft portion of the said shaft, and the said base member is sandwiched between the said step and the pawl bracket so that the said step is in sliding contact with the perimeter of the said through-opening and the outer peripheral surface of the said medium-diameter portion is in sliding contact with the inner peripheral surface of the said through-opening.
4. A headrest as claimed in claim 3, wherein the said medium-diameter portion and the said smaller-diameter portion define an annular second step therebetween, which abuts against the perimeter of the said circular bore of the pawl bracket, the outer periphery of the said smaller-diameter portion being fitted into the inner periphery of the said circular bore.
5. A headrest as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, wherein the first-mentioned step is formed integral with the lower headrest frame shaft by cold forging.
6. A headrest as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, wherein the first-mentioned step is formed integral with the lower headrest frame shaft by warm forging.
7. A headrest substantially as described with reference to, and as shown in, Figures 1 to 5B of the accompanying drawings.



The
Patent
Office
16

Application No: GB 9603578.7
Claims searched: 1-6

Examiner: Mark S Pritchard
Date of search: 30 April 1996

Patents Act 1977
Search Report under Section 17

Databases searched:

UK Patent Office collections, including GB, EP, WO & US patent specifications, in:

UK Cl (Ed.O): A4L LCC

Int Cl (Ed.6): A47C 7/36 7/38; A61G 15/00; B60N 2/48

Other: ONLINE: WPI

Documents considered to be relevant:

Category	Identity of document and relevant passage	Relevant to claims
A	GB2176098 A (IKEDA BUSSAN)	

X	Document indicating lack of novelty or inventive step	A	Document indicating technological background and/or state of the art.
Y	Document indicating lack of inventive step if combined with one or more other documents of same category.	P	Document published on or after the declared priority date but before the filing date of this invention.
&	Member of the same patent family	E	Patent document published on or after, but with priority date earlier than, the filing date of this application.